Description of CATALYTIC CARBON®

- CATALYTIC CARBON® is Coconut carbon
- CATALYTIC CARBON® is Certified by WQA to NSF/ANSI 61 Standard
- CATALYTIC CARBON® is Catalyzed with Iron ("Catalytic Structure")
- Iron Catalyst has the highest Oxidation and Adsorption pores "Inside as well as Outside the Activated Carbon"
- Surface of CATALYTIC CARBON® ranging from 2000 m²/g to 2500 m²/g

Iron Particles coated inside and outside the micro-pores of CATALYTIC CARBON® eliminates the need of expensive Ion-Exchange and Membrane Process to remove contaminants such as

- Suspended Solids ≤ 1 micron
- Humic Substances (organics)
- Tannins and Lignin
- Color and Odor
- Hydrogen sulfide (H₂S)
- Chloramines
- Trihalomethanes (THMs)
- Phenols and p-nitro phenol
- All kind of Dyes
- Heavy Metals (inorganic)
- Including Arsenate, Arsenide, Chromium, Copper, Cyanide, Fluoride, Lead, Mercury and Selenium

Independently Tested to meet ANSI/NSF 61
FINALLY A SIMPLE AND SAFE METHOD THAT REMOVES CONTAMINANTS FROM ANY KIND OF WATER AND WASTEWATER

Removal of tannins

Include humic acid, fulvic acid and major constituents of natural organic matters. Humic substances with chlorine produce disinfection by products such as Trihalomethanes (THMs). Other problems are the transport of hydrophobic organic contaminants and the bind heavy metals with them. A very big problem with organics are bacterial growth in water distribution systems by serving as food source that induce unpleasant taste and color in drinking water. CATALYTIC CARBON® from Watch Water® can remove tannins, humic substances and can be regenerated (adsorption) for next effective treatment process. Regeneration cycle is short and very easy.

Watch Water® CATALYTIC CARBON® is made of coconut shells. Carbon from coconut shell is the most effective form. Activated Carbon used in CATALYTIC CARBON® systems is a Granulated Activated Carbon (GAC). Advanced Carbon technology (Catalyzed Carbon by Watch Water®) is [highly activated] by coating a positive (+) charge which enhances the adsorption of contaminants that have negative charge. CATALYTIC CARBON® made by Watch Water® is an advanced Activated Carbon product designed to adsorb very high level of chloramines. Chloramines replace chlorine in the disinfection process and form Trihalomethanes (THMs) – a cancer causing substance.

Chlorine → Chloramines → THMs → CANCER!

How does the CATALYTIC CARBON® work?

CATALYTIC CARBON® offers better than any applied conventional method a way to remove humic substances which generates a large volume of wastewater. Using Watch Water® CATALYTIC CARBON® coated with iron-hydroxide, has huge capacity for humic substances, phosphates, copper and many other heavy metals [read on page one]. Humic substances are negatively charged at circumneutral pH conditions due to prevalence of carboxyl and phenol groups on their surface. Adsorption of humic substances, however is possible on surface chemistry, surface modification of activated carbon with iron-hydroxide coating that generates very strong positively charged CATALYTIC CARBON® – leading to the most favorable surface interactions between them.
Surface Chemistry

High oxygen on surface of Activated Carbon is the most important factor which influence its surface characteristics. To achieve these, the surface has to be treated in a very special way. The larger oxygen content the higher the hydrophilic character of the carbon surface. Watch Water® treatment gives an activated carbon a unique acid-base caracteristiques.

Increase of Activity

In a heterogeneous CATALYTIC CARBON®, many reactions proceed on the surface of the Catalyst. To increase the catalytic efficiency, it is essential to make the surface area ey large as possible. When iron-oxide is used as catalyst it is coated from 20 to 50 nm and distributed on the porous supports with a pore structure and the largest surface area for reaction, and this increases the catalytic activity per unit weight.

System design with Watch Water® CATALYTIC CARBON®

Standard filtration rate is recommended to set at max. 40 BV/hour to provide 90 seconds contact time (recommended minimum) to yield good results. Te required filtration rate varies according to the inlet water constituen. Pilot test is recommended for industrial applications, wastewater treatment and other critical waters. The table below to realize the expected water quality from different filtration rate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flow rate</th>
<th>Filtration rate</th>
<th>Bed contact time</th>
<th>CC media</th>
<th>Outlet water quality</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 m³/h</td>
<td>40 Bed-Volume/h*</td>
<td>90 seconds</td>
<td>25 liters</td>
<td>Satisfactory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30 Bed-Volume/h**</td>
<td>120 seconds</td>
<td>33 liters</td>
<td>Very good</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≤ 20 Bed-Volume/h</td>
<td>180 seconds</td>
<td>50 liters</td>
<td>Best</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*recommended max. filtration-rate, **recommended standard filtration-rate

Technical Specification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Specification</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Coarse granule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>Dark red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle size</td>
<td>0.6 - 2.4 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mesh size (US)</td>
<td>8 x 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface area (BET)</td>
<td>2000 - 2500 m²/g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moisture Content</td>
<td>5 % (max.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ball pen hardness</td>
<td>98 % (min.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulk density</td>
<td>630 – 640 kg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>9.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected service life</td>
<td>2 – 5 years *</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple regeneration</td>
<td>Yes **</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Depending on the contamination load and regeneration frequency

** CATALYTIC CARBON® can be regeneratied using OXYDES or OXYDES-P depending on the loaded contaminants

Flow direction Can be designed both up-flow [packed bed] and down-flow
System freeboard [down-flow] 25 – 35 %
Filtration rate 10 – 30 Bv/h [max. 40 Bv/h]
Backwash velocity 10 – 20 m/h
Bed depth 80 – 100 cm [max. 120 cm]
EBCT ≥ 90 seconds
Standard packing 30 liters (19.2 kg) in a bag, 40 bags on a pallet
DESORPTION

Regeneration of Spent Activated Carbon

Superoxide Systems a very simple a) Brine Tank with b) Brine Wall and a control valve, same as water softener, can be used to apply this very unique technology to Regenerate contaminated CATALYTIC CARBON® and re-activate it up to 99%. Desorption and Destruction of all organics and adsorbed heavy metals can be achieved by 1% strength solution of OXYDES-P (Catalyzed Super Oxide). Catalyzed Super Oxide reactions are based on Fenton’s like reaction which generates hydroxyl radicals (•OH). These Hydroxyl radicals are so strong that it oxidizes all possible organics from the surface of Activated Carbon.

CATALYTIC CARBON® is re-activated and is like brand new Carbon the total amount of regeneration is as the following cycles:

1. Backwash – 5 minutes
2. Suction of regenerator (OXYDES-P) – 15 minutes
3. Fast rinse – 10 minutes
4. Back to service

NOTE: The regeneration is every six month and the solution is prepared fresh just before the regeneration. OXYDES-P can be used for regenerating also for normal Activated Carbon media.

Catalytic Carbon activation during first time installation:
Activation of corrosion on Catalytic Carbon’s surfaces is recommended. For activation 1 table spoon of salt is required for each bag of Catalytic Carbon (30 liter). During first time installation after loading Catalytic Carbon in vessel soak the Catalytic Carbon for 45 minutes by adding required amount of table salt. Once the soaking process is finish, perform the backwash for minimum around 20 minutes or until backwash water is clear.

To know and learn more about this huge potential of On-Site-Reactivation of CATALYTIC CARBON® please contact us: